

GPI8HINOIC

GaN Power IC in DFN5x6 Package

Preliminary Datasheet version: 1.0

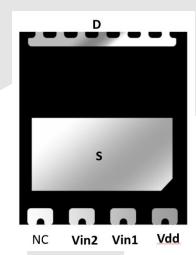
Features

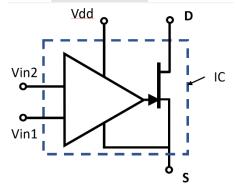
| BV _{dss} | R _{dson} | l _{ds} |
|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| 650V | 170 mΩ | 7.5 A |

- Edge-triggered high-side power IC
- Small transformer isolation
- Low Rds and high dv/dt capability
- Extremely low input capacitance
- Fast switching
- Low Profile

Applications

- High-side switch in switching power applications
- Power adapters and power delivery chargers





Description

These devices are power IC based on 650 V Power GaN HEMTs using proprietary (US patent pending) E-mode GaN on silicon technology. The gate driver is integrated with the main power transistor resulting in fast switching, high system power density and low cost. Edge triggering narrow pulse is used to control device turn-on/off. This results in high noise immunity and small and inexpensive transformer for isolation and level shifting for the high-side switch in a half bridge application.



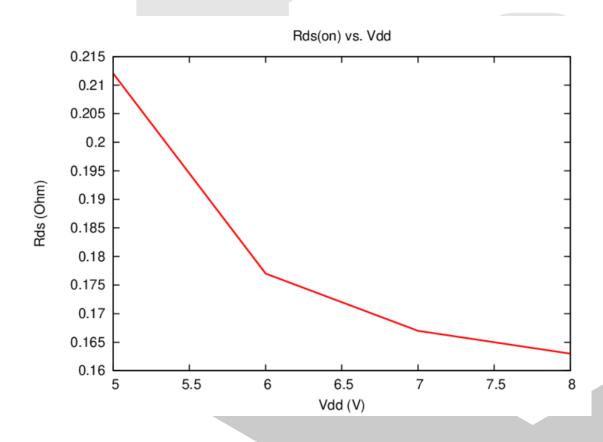
| Basic Parameters | | | | Test data | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--|----------------------------|-----------|---------|-----|------|
| | Parameters | | Conditions | Min | Typical | Max | Unit |
| 1 | BV_dss | Drain-Source breakdown voltage $V_{gs}=0V$ $I_d=10uA$ | | | 650 | | V |
| 2 | R _{dson} | $ \begin{array}{ll} \text{Static drain-source on resistance,} & V_{gs}\text{=}6V \\ T_{C}\text{=}25^{\circ}\text{C} & I_{d}\text{=}1.8\text{A} \end{array} $ | | 165 | 175 | 220 | mΩ |
| 3 | Vdd | Drive supply voltage | | 5 | 6.5 | 8 | V |
| 4 | Vin1 | Turn-off narrow pulse triggering pulse | Pulse width 100ns-300ns | 3 | 5 | 8 | V |
| 5 | Vin2 | Turn-on narrow pulse triggering pulse | Pulse width 100ns-300ns | 3 | 5 | 8 | V |
| Switching Performance | | | | Test data | | | |
| | Parameters | | Conditions | Min | Typical | Max | Unit |
| 1 | t _{d(on)} | Turn-on delay time | V _{ds} =385V | | 15 | | ns |
| 2 | t _r | Rise time | I _d =1.6A | | 10 | | ns |
| 3 | t _{d(off)} | Turn-off delay time Vin1/2=5V | | | 10 | | ns |
| 4 | t _f | Fall time | V _{dd} =6.5V | | 8 | | ns |

Device Characteristics



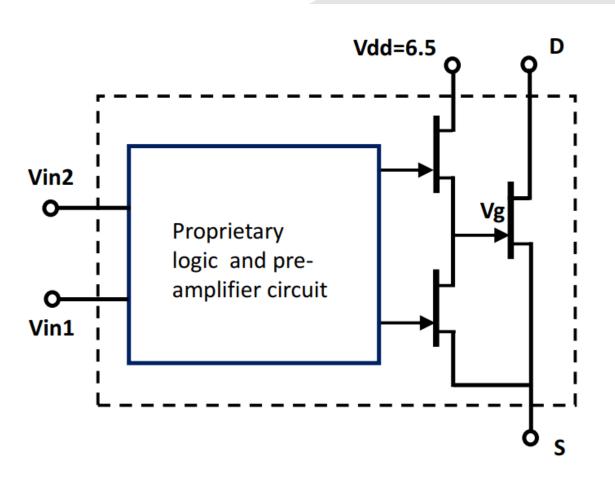
Electrical Performance

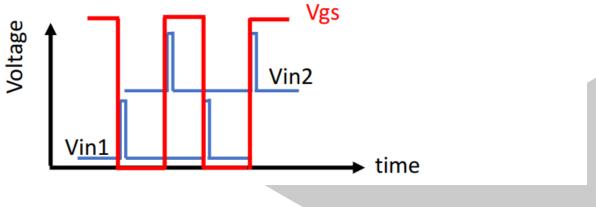
Rds(on) vs. Vdd at Id=15mA





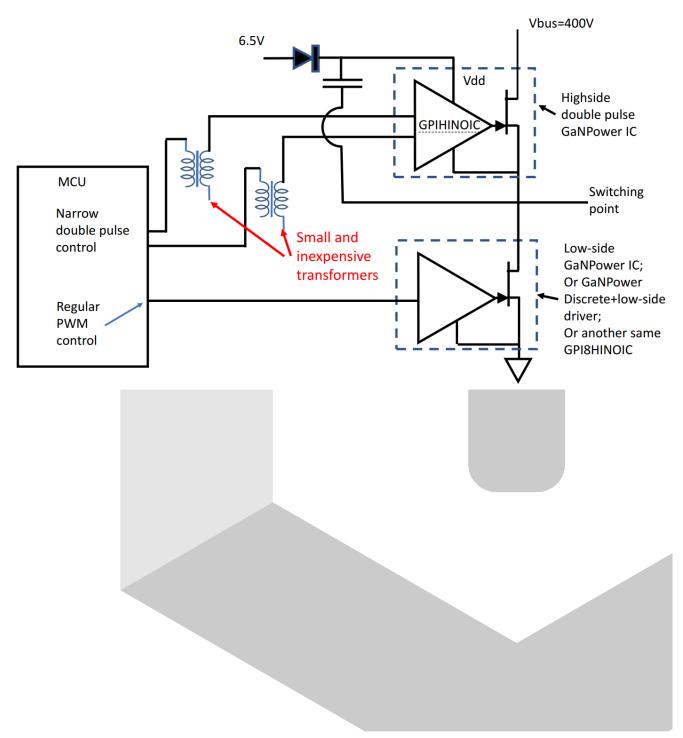
Internal Schematic and waveforms







Typical Application Circuit (Conceptual)



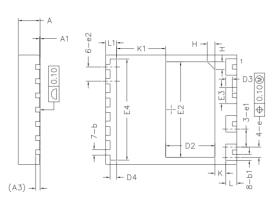


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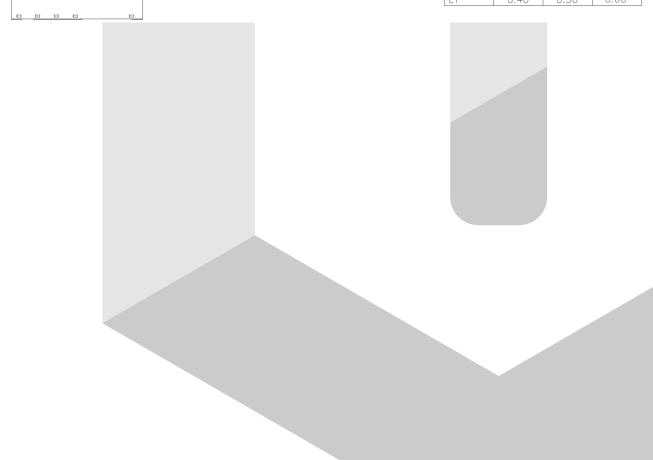
Package Information





COMMON DIMENSIONS
(UNITS OF MEASURE=MILLIMETER)

| SYMBOL | MIN | NOM | MAX | | |
|--------|----------|-------|-------|--|--|
| А | 0.90 | 1.00 | 1.10 | | |
| A1 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.05 | | |
| А3 | 0.203REF | | | | |
| b | 0.20 | 0.25 | 0.30 | | |
| b1 | 0.225 | 0.275 | 0.325 | | |
| D | 5.90 | 6.00 | 6.10 | | |
| E | 4.90 | 5.00 | 5.10 | | |
| D2 | 2.15 | 2.25 | 2.35 | | |
| E2 | 4.27 | 4.37 | 4.47 | | |
| D3 | 0.20 | 0.30 | 0.40 | | |
| E3 | 0.65 | 0.75 | 0.85 | | |
| D4 | 0.20 | 0.30 | 0.40 | | |
| E4 | 4.525 | 4.625 | 4.725 | | |
| е | 0.375 | 0.475 | 0.575 | | |
| e1 | 0.725 | 0.825 | 0.925 | | |
| e2 | 0.55 | 0.65 | 0.75 | | |
| Н | 0.35REF | | | | |
| K | 0.35 | 0.50 | 0.65 | | |
| K1 | 2.10 | 2.25 | 2.40 | | |
| L | 0.40 | 0.50 | 0.60 | | |
| L1 | 0.40 | 0.50 | 0.60 | | |





GaN HEMT Frequently Asked Questions

| 1 | Q: Can we do pin to pin switch for silicon MOSFET or IGBT? | |
|---|---|--|
| | A: The short answer is no. GaN HEMT power devices are far superior than the best silicon | |
| | devices such as super junction MOSFETs. However, due to different requirements of gate | |
| | driving voltage and extremely high dv/dt slew rate, special drivers and optimized PCB layouts | |
| | are recommended to minimize the impact from circuit parasitics. Some packaging forms such | |
| | as GaNPower's DFN packaged devices offer both sense and force for the source terminal. Also, | |
| | for traditional TO220 packages, please be advised that the pins are arranged as Gate – Source | |
| | -Drain, and the thermal pad is connected to the source instead of drain. | |
| 2 | Q: Are GaN power devices reliable? | |
| | A: GaN power HEMTs have been tested by GaNPower and many other vendors, users and | |
| | testing facilities to be as reliable (if not better than) silicon counterparts. | |
| 3 | Q: How do GaN power devices compare with SiC? | |
| | A: Currently GaN power HEMT devices are most suitable for low to medium voltage (≤1200V) | |
| | and power (<20KW) applications. GaN is the ideal choice for high frequency applications. SiC | |
| | devices are better choice for high voltage and high-power applications (>20KW). | |
| 4 | Q: Do we need to parallel an FRD for applications such as inverters? | |
| | A: GaN devices are different from silicon MOSFET or IGBT in that they have no inherent PN | |
| | junction diodes that cause reverse recovery issue. User do not need to parallel an FRD for the | |
| | purpose of suppressing the body diode reverse recovery effect, since GaN HEMT can operate | |
| | in both first and third quadrants. However, care should be taken for the dead time power loss | |
| | since the Vsd voltage of GaN HEMT is usually close to 2V. This is especially true when a negative | |
| | gate voltage is applied. | |
| 5 | Q: Can we parallel GaN HEMT devices? | |
| | A: Yes, GaN HEMT is ideal for paralleling, due to positive temperature coefficient of Rdson | |
| | and slightly positive temperature coefficient of threshold voltage. | |